

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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VOL. XXVIII.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1915.

No. 8

RUFUS VANSANT IS UNSEATED

Three Members Removed
From Committees.

Resolution Adopted Declaring For
Wilson for President In
1916.

Another member of the committee is George W. Long, former United States marshal of this district. He will be treasurer and will name the members of the Finance Committee. Headquarters will be established at the Seelbach within a few days.

The selection of the personnel of the Campaign Committee was at a meeting of the subcommittee recently appointed, the members of which are, John H. Gillam, of Scottsville; T. H. McCutney, of Flemingsburg; E. T. Franks, of Owensboro; E. P. Morrow, candidate for Governor; T. B. McGregor, candidate for Attorney General, and A. E. Weber, candidate for Auditor.

Democratic Platform on the County Unit.

Section 18—COUNTY UNIT PLANK.—The Democratic party has been and is the sincere and earnest champion of all legislation intended for the moral as well as the material advancement of the State. To it, and to it alone, is due the legislation which gives to each county in the State the absolute control over the vending of spirituous liquors, and no county should be deprived by outside interference, of the right to determine the matter for itself.

We reaffirm and reassert our unqualified approval of the present County Unit Law and of the declaration of the Democratic party in the convention of August 15, 1911, pledging the party to its adoption. This Act has been strengthened by carefully considered amendment, and the field of its operation enlarged so that each of the counties in the state may determine for itself whether the sale of alcoholic beverages may be licensed or prohibited, and embodies the full and final judgment of the legislative and executive branches of the government. It has been interpreted and its constitutionality established by the courts, and we approve of its rigid and thorough enforcement in letter and in spirit, and condemn any effort to impair or weaken its wise provisions by revision or amendment.

"We believe that his mastery of the situation (European) requires his renomination in 1916 and endorse him as the party's most efficient and trusted leader in the coming national election, believing that patriots without regard to party recognize Woodrow Wilson as the one man best suited to bear the burdens and perform the herculean tasks now confronting the president of the United States."

For Wilson in 1916.

The convention unanimously endorsed President Wilson as the standard bearer of the party in 1916. Kentucky was the first state to take such a step. The resolution said in part:

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Vansant Is Unseated.

A thrill was injected into the proceedings when George G. Speer, a member of the committee on permanent organization, submitted a report which was adopted without a dissenting voice, unseating Rufus H. Vansant, of Ashland; A. G. Rhea, of Russellville and Bridges White, of Mt. Sterling, as members of the Democratic State Central and Executive committees from the state-at-large, and naming as their successors Judge S. W. Hager, of Owensboro; James P. Edwards, of Louisville, and George B. Martin of Boyd county. Judge Hager becoming chairman of the two committees; Mr. Edwards becoming a member of the state executive committee, and Mr. Martin becoming a member of the state central committee.

The convention also unseated Urey Woodson, of Owensboro, as National Democratic committeeman from Kentucky, naming Gen. W. B. Haldeman of Louisville, in his stead.

Beckham Makes Futile Plea.

Senator J. C. W. Beckham in a speech late tonight offered a motion seeking to have the convention re-

consider the ousting of Chairman Rufus H. Vansant, Committeeman A. G. Rhea, W. Bridges White and Urey Woodson, national committeeman from Kentucky. Congressman Campbell Cantrill arose to a point of order and pointed out to Chairman Cherry that Senator Beckham was not in the hall at the time the original motion was voted upon and that under parliamentary procedure he could not offer the motion he sought to make. Chairman Cherry ruled that the point was well taken and Senator Beckham reluctantly left the stage. He caused a sensation when he offered his motion and the dove of peace fluttered from the hall.

Senator Beckham declared that the action taken by the convention was without precedent and that it was ill advised. Senator Beckham was hissed and hooted from the stage.

Harry Thaw Is Seeking Divorce.

Pittsburg, Sept. 1.—Harry K. Thaw, through his attorneys, Stone and Stone, this afternoon filed a petition in Common Pleas Court asking a divorce from his wife, Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, charging misconduct with John Francis of New York.

The petition is very brief covering less than one typewritten page. In it Thaw alleges that his wife was guilty of misconduct with Francis at 31 West Thirty-first street, New York, in December, 1909, and January 1910, and at various other places and times. Thaw also declares she deserted him in July, 1909. The petition contains nothing to throw light on the identity of Francis other than to give his name, and in the copy filed at the courthouse it is almost illegible.

Galvin Heads Campaign Committee. Louisville, Ky., Aug. 28.—Maurice L. Galvin, collector of internal revenue at Covington, was selected chairman of the Republican Campaign Committee at its meeting Alvis S. Bennett, of Louisville, was chosen secretary, and W. Sherman Ball, of Hardinsburg, will be chairman of the Speyers' Committee.

WATCHFUL WAITING.

"We are still waiting on Judge Birkhead to call a special session of the Jury to investigate that famous primary. Will he do it? The odds are against his calling it. But what good would it do to call a special session, without appointing a special commonwealth's attorney to prosecute the cases when Mr. Ringo has his hands full at present fighting the contest with Mr. Tanner, for one of the offices over which there was so much money spent and whiskey drank.

"Imagine the circuit judge going into a saloon on Fourth street and calling in the multitude, and lining them up and after the drinks had been served, some of his henchmen laying down three \$5.00 bills and the bartender ringing the change for \$14.85 and returning only fifteen cents out of \$15.00. Then comes one of his appointees who said "My office depends on the election of the Judge, come up boys and have one on me!" And the multitude gathered and they were all of one mind, and that was that they would each take a drink to the health and success of the judge and his appointee every time they were asked. One poor boy got too much, and he found his way to the lockup and after his trial the next morning he said to a friend on St. Ann street. "I had too much Birkhead whiskey last night. That was the first time I was ever drunk and it will be the last time." Judge what would "My Good Grand Jury" say about that kind of conduct.

That kind of conduct on the part of public officials is what makes dry towns, dry cities and dry states. The people won't stand for a thing of that kind now. There was a time when you could have gotten by with it, but you can't do it now. We do not object to the Judge taking a drink if he wants it, but he must not call the multitude into the saloon just before the day of the primary at the close of a speaking at which his friends howled his opponent down. A thing of that kind can't be made a success in this day and generation. Some one may get the idea that we are for state wide prohibition judging from what we have said above, but we are not, we are for the county unit and have been for years, but if any thing would make us for statewide prohibition it would be a few more primaries like the one pulled off on August the 7th. We venture the assertion that if all the bottles and jugs that were used in this judicial district primary, could be brought from the fence corners and thickets, they would fill two large furniture cars. It is no uncommon thing for the small boys to come down the street with an arm load of empty bottles gathered up from the ruins of August 7th. Some one bought them and some one distributed them. Who did it. We think Judge Birkhead should call a special grand jury and appoint a special attorney to prosecute the cases, or they should turn both nominations back to the people, or the committee."—Owensboro News.

GEN. OROZCO SHOT BY AMERICAN POSSE

LOST SUBMARINE RAISED AT LAST

Troops are Ordered to be Ready For Movement on Short Notice.

Galveston, August 31.—Orders have been issued by Major General J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Second division of the United States army, and the commanders of the Fourth and Nineteenth regiments of infantry and Sixth cavalry to hold their commands in readiness to entrain on short notice.

Washington, August 31.—Secretary of War Garrison announced tonight that additional forces are being sent to the border at the request of General Funston. The secretary explained that no emergency is expected at this time, so far as he knew. He indicated the troop movement is merely a part of the general plan evolved by General Funston to strengthen his positions.

Houston, Texas, August 31.—The Fourth and Fifth United States infantry has been ordered to the Mexican border, and were leaving Texas City this afternoon.

E. Paso, Texas, August 31.—Government officials here tonight received confirmation of earlier reports that General Pascual Orozco, a prominent military leader during the Mexican revolutions shot and killed in a fight between Mexicans and an American posse in the Green river canyon in the high and lonesome mountains of Culbertson county, Texas.

After the raid at the Dick Love ranch yesterday, Orozco and four companions were pursued into the foothills. Orozco died of four bullet wounds at dusk today.

The Rainbow Chasers.

The Chicago organization is going to "take the Tariff out of politics." How? Why, by going into politics! And if they can go into politics and take it out, someone else, under our form of government, can go into politics and put it back in. Intelligent men, instead of chasing the rainbow of removal of a public question from public decision, "will put themselves into politics and see that the basis of Tariff legislation is settled right in a country where all subjects of legislation are and will unquestionably remain legally the objects of political determination." —Muncie (Ind.) National Republican.

declaring absolutely no news on the sinking of the Arabic is yet available. He said:

"Would it not be lamented if the submarine should have been lost and we should never learn of what happened? Soon after the Arabic sank I said we would have details by the last of August or the first of September at the latest. Most of our boats which were on the west coast of England then have returned, but none, so far, knows anything about the Arabic. Probably it will be possible within a short time, I can not say precisely how many days, to tell whether our apprehensions regarding the submarine are correct."

Good Roads Meeting.

The Ohio County Good Roads Association met at Cromwell, August 31, with a fair attendance considering the fact that the meeting was not thoroughly advertised. Those who attended this meeting were very attentive to explanations as related to the object of the association, also to the report given by Judge Wilson of the expenditures of County funds.

Dr. J. O. McKenney, President, presided and Dr. Oscar Allen acted as secretary pro tem.

Judge Wilson made a very interesting speech carefully explaining the system practiced by the County officials in dividing road funds to the eight magisterial districts. Mr. Wilson was strong in his emphasis of the importance of good roads and recommended strongly each precinct, neighborhood and community get together and inaugurate a good roads day. Mr. Orville H. Taylor, Beaver Dam, followed with an interesting talk on road building, showing the necessary steps to take to make permanent high ways. Mr. Taylor outlined first, a location, second, grading, third, drainage, and discussed each topic carefully and clearly making his talk very interesting. Dr. E. W. Ford insisted that it was very necessary for every citizen to take a sincere interest in the roads of our county, mentioning the fact that he as well as several of the rural mail carriers carried with them short handled tools, and when possible, if time allowed, would repair holes in roads when passing.

Dr. Clarence DeWeese stated that he had a wide experience as to travel on roads from Louisville to Fulton, the extreme western county in the State, and he felt that our citizens should cooperate with each other by having a good roads day and everyone go out and assist in the road working. As an illustration he outlined a plan that was put on foot first, a location, second, grading, third, drainage, and discussed each topic carefully and clearly making his talk very interesting. Dr. E. W. Ford insisted that it was very necessary for every citizen to take a sincere interest in the roads of our county, mentioning the fact that he as well as several of the rural mail carriers carried with them short handled tools, and when possible, if time allowed, would repair holes in roads when passing.

Mr. L. A. Kimmel and son of Carrollton ate dinner with Mr. Will Tomerlin Sunday.

Miss Maggie Hunter spent the night with Miss Carrie Brown Saturday night and attended the party at Charley Brown's.

There was a large crowd at Pete Cave Sunday where they had Sunday School and also preaching by Rev. Hiram Brown.

There was a big day at Hopewell Sunday. Dinner was served on the ground.

Misses Edna and Novia Ross were the guests of their uncle, Mr. A. H. Ross Sunday afternoon.

There was born to the wife of Mr. Cass Ross Sunday morning a fine girl.

Mr. S. B. Shemwell and daughter of Cleaton are visiting Mrs. J. A. Tomerlin, the daughter of Mr. Shemwell.

Misses Ruth and Bessie Graham were the guests of Miss Altha Robinson Sunday.

Miss Carrie Russel, our young school teacher visited her parents near Paradise from Friday till Monday.

Charlie Robinson and family visited at the home of Mr. Robinson's brother Mr. Alford Robinson Sunday.

GERMANY WILL BE GOOD

Agrees to Give Warning
Before Sinking Liners.

Passengers to Have A Chance to
Escape if Ship Offer No
Resistance.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Germany has accepted the declarations of the United States in the submarine warfare controversy. Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, today gave oral and written assurances to Secretary Lansing that no more passenger ships will be sunk without warning.

After a conference at the State Department Ambassador Von Bernstorff sent Secretary Lansing this letter:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: With reference to our conversation of this morning I beg to inform you that my instructions concerning our answer to your last Lusitania note contains the following passage.

"Liners will not be sunk by our submarines without warning and without the safety of the lives of non combatants provided that the liners do not try to escape or offer resistance."

"Although I know that you do not wish to discuss the Lusitania question till the Arabic incident has been definitely and satisfactorily settled, I desire to inform you of the above because this policy of my government was decided on before the Arabic incident occurred.

"I have no objection to your making any use you may please of the above information.

"I remain, my dear Mr. Lansing,

"Very sincerely yours,
J. BERNSTORFF"

POND RUN.

Mr. Will Tomerlin lost a horse Monday morning.

Mr. L. A. Kimmel and son of Carrollton ate dinner with Mr. Will Tomerlin Sunday.

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Ohio County Fair.

Arrangements are going forward steadily for the great Ohio County fair which will begin Sept. 16th and continue three days. Vast improvements are being made to the grounds and buildings. No more beautiful grounds are to be found in Kentucky. Situated on the shores of Rough River with a natural grove, which has been the admiration of thousands of visitors, the site furnishes a most delightful place for a few days rest and enjoyment among old friends and acquaintances.

The amphitheatre has been rebuilt and general improvements to all buildings. Good premiums and prizes are offered in all departments. Special attractions never before seen in Ohio County have been provided.

A fine band will be on hand to furnish music each day. No one can afford to miss the great Ohio County fair this year. Remember the dates, Sept. 16, 17 and 18th.

Ice Cream Supper.

The ladies of Goshen church will give an ice cream supper Saturday evening, Sept. 11. Proceeds to go for benefit of the church. Everybody invited.

THE MULE IS A PEACE ADVOCATE

Traits of Animal That Serves
Man So Well—Stands to
His Principles.

No one knows when the gentle, dreamy-eyed mule broke into history. But he edged or kicked his way in somehow or other, has held his place for some years, and one of the latest chapters in which he figured was the torpedoing of the Armenian.

He is distinctly an American product. There are mules abroad, but they are not real mules. The companionship of the negro and the climate of the Southern States and the Southern portion of the Central States are required to bring the mule to his full development.

Missouri is the greatest mule-raising State of the Union. More and finer animals are raised in this section of the country than anywhere else on earth, and East St. Louis is the greatest mule market in the world.

Tennessee ranks second in the production of mules, but the Volunteer State does not raise two-thirds the mules Missouri does.

The Southern planter depends almost altogether on Missouri for his mules. Roughly speaking, mules are divided into two classes, the cotton and sugar mule. The latter is the better grade, the huge, well-built animals which are used on the sugar plantations of the far South, while the cotton mules are smaller and more adapted for use in the cotton fields.

In the agricultural districts of the South, outside the cotton and sugar sections the sugar mule is used.

In the Boer War thousands of mules were purchased in Missouri and adjoining States for the use of the English army in South Africa. But the mule is temperamentally opposed to war, and they are not a success. It has been said that the real trouble was that the English did not export Southern darkies to handle the mules in warfare.

Whatever the cause, the mules absolutely refused to go to war. And the most obstinate creature on earth and the hardest to move when he decides he doesn't want to be moved is the mule. The sound of cannonading will cause a mule to stop dead in his tracks, then turn hurriedly, kick up his heels and start in the opposite direction. Nothing will stop a mule once he gets started. He will nonchalantly kick himself free of his harness, plunge gayly through barbed-wire obstructions and do whatever else he pleases once he makes up his mind.

A Civil War veteran, a Southerner, once told the writer of losing his cavalry mount in the fighting around Chattanooga. Later he obtained a mule for a mount, and the mule got her baptism of fire in the fighting at Chickamauga.

She was a peaceful mule, and nothing louder than the sounds of the farm had ever assailed her ears until that day at Chickamauga.

"Our company was ordered to charge through a wood. There had been considerable firing all morning, but old Lucy beyond pricking up her ears, paid no attention to it. However, when we got into the woods the firing was closer, and she didn't appear to like it. Then some shells began dropping about us. And she wheeled about and started for the rear.

"I'll never forget that. I couldn't turn her head toward the front and I couldn't stop her. I did make her pause once or twice, and all the time the bullets and shells were falling about us, men and horses were dropping and every one was yelling with laughter as they passed us. I jerked a branch from a young oak tree and beat her, but that had no effect on her.

But Mr. Stanley has a record. By a man's acts must he be judged. The Webb-Kenyon Bill was framed and introduced in Congress to prevent interstate shipments of intoxicating liquors into local option territory. When the bill was before Congress Mr. Stanley was the Representative from the First Congressional District of Kentucky.

On the roll call on the Webb-Kenyon Bill, February 8, 1913, which was the roll call on the passage of the bill, Representative Stanley is recorded as NOT VOTING.

On the roll call on the question of passing this bill over the veto of the President, March 1, 1913, Representative Stanley is recorded as voting NAY, notwithstanding that four Democratic members from Kentucky (Fields, Helm, Johnson and Thomas) voted YEA, as did also Representatives Langley and Powers, Republicans from Kentucky.

Mr. Stanley is in favor of the county unit, but he is likewise in favor of a law which will permit the wholesale and rectifying houses of Cincinnati, Peoria, Pittsburgh, and Chicago to ship whiskey into counties which have been voted dry by the people who live in them.

The story illustrates the character of the mule. Like a certain recently retired statesman, the mule is for peace at any price, and the mule is strong enough to get it.

What is country life without a mule? Nothing.

What is a country darkey without a mule? There isn't such a thing.

Sometimes the affection between an aged darkey and his equally aged mule is really touching.

The writer once knew of an aged

nigro preacher who rode about the country on a white mule. The report was current, and the preacher confirmed it, that the mule had been a gift of the master of the darkey at the close of the war, forty years before. The master told the former slave he was free, and for his faithful services in guarding the family of his master during the war, he received the mule. For forty years they had been companions. The old darkey, riding along the road, often would be observed talking to the mule, and it was said he always rehearsed his sermons for the mule before delivering them in the pulpit.

No one but the country darkey understands the real nature of the mule. No one ever saw a country darkey mistreat or overwork a mule. For one thing, if the mule decides he has had enough work he will stop, and he will vigorously defend himself with his heels if he thinks he is being mistreated.

A Good Household Salve.

Ordinary ailments and injuries are not themselves serious, but infection or low vitality may make them dangerous. Don't neglect a cut, sore, bruise or hurt because it is small. Blood poison has resulted from a pin-prick or scratch. For all such ailments Bucklen's Arnica Salve is excellent. It protects and heals the hurt; is antiseptic, kills infection and prevents dangerous complications. Good for all Skin Blemishes, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Eczema. Get an original 2-ounce 25c. box from your Druggist.

Mr. Stanley's Record Already Written.

To Republican platform convention, referring to the liquor question reaffirmed its position, twice before declared, in favor of the county unit principle of local option and placed the party on record as in favor of any legislation which will make that theory fully effective.

The Democratic platform convention, shortly to be held, will also declare in favor of the county unit, altho there may be an effort made to inject into its platform something that will make a stronger appeal to the "liberal" sentiment in Kentucky.

With both parties on record as advocating the county unit system and therefore opposed to Statewide prohibition, there will be little opportunity for making the liquor question an overshadowing issue in the campaign.

It is evident thus early, however, and the Republicans had just as well make their calculation accordingly, that Mr. Stanley will have the loyal and active support of every man who is in any degree opposed to reasonable regulation of the liquor traffic. He will receive the votes, the financial aid and the personal assistance at the pools of the men who are in favor of Sunday saloons, and this will bring to him the friendship, active and vigorous, of the people whose source of income is inseparably joined with the liquor traffic in its worst form.

This is simply a natural condition and one which must be accepted and discounted in advance. The unregulated and wide-open liquor people are human. They stand by their friends. They flock together. As between two men, they choose the one best suited to their purposes. Nobody blames them for that.

During the campaign Mr. Stanley will declare his friendship for the county unit law and for a strict observance of the letter and spirit of its intentions.

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Eloquent words are pleasant to the ear, but a man's actions speak to heaven.—Lexington Herald.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Sores On Horses.

Many horse owners at this season of the year find that their horses are troubled by sores which resist usual methods of treatment, and which in this respect differ from ordinary wounds. These growths or sores are supposed to be fungous origin. Their true nature and cause, however, have not been definitely determined. They are especially prevalent in the Southern States, and are called summer sores on account of their persistence and the difficulty with which they are healed during the summer season. As cool weather approaches, healing frequently takes place, but there is always the possibility of the wound breaking anew with the advent of warm weather. They may appear on any portion of the body, but are especially troublesome when occurring on the lower parts of the limbs or at points where the harness touch.

Frequently the first indication or appearance of the trouble is a small lump resembling a grain of shot beneath the skin. In a few days the skin sloughs off over the spot, leaving a raw surface. This increases in size until in a few weeks there is a raw surface from 1 to several inches in diameter. Commonly there is intense itching, and the animal bites and rubs the parts, aggravating the condition and increasing the size of the sore. The edges of these sores are usually rough in appearance and raised above the surface of the skin. When examined closely they appear like a mass of dark bruised tissue in which is embedded more or less of a yellow, gritty growth.

Numerous methods of treatment have been resorted to in this condition, with varying results, and frequently no improvement is noted until the approach of cold weather.

Many cases, however, yield to the following treatment. The wound is thoroughly scraped with a surgeon's sterilized curette, or with a clean, disinfected dull knife, after which it is showered with cold water for 10 or 15 minutes. Iodoform is then dusted on and rubbed into the wound by means of a wad of absorbent cotton, and the wound is immediately covered with a layer of collodion. The iodoform and collodion applications are repeated every 24 hours for 15 days or until the sores heal. Ether or chloroform may be used in place of iodoform, being poured on cotton and applied to the sore for two minutes before painting it with collodion.

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Formalin has been used by injecting it into the tissues. This, however, should be used only by a qualified veterinarian, as its improper use might cause severe sloughing and disastrous results.

Not infrequently a valuable stallion becomes affected, in which case the genital organs may become involved and incapacitate the animal for breeding purposes. In such instances the injection of 75 to 100 grains of salvarsan, or neosalvarsan, into the blood circulation has proved almost specific. This, however, should be carried out only by a competent veterinarian. It should also be considered that a single injection of this preparation costs from \$15 to \$20, and its use is therefore advisable only for the treatment of valuable animals.

There is no such excellent paper as the—

TWICE-A-WEEK OWENSBORO MESSENGER (Edited by Urey Woodson.)

It comes every Wednesday and Saturday, (16 pages a week or more) and is up-to-date in every regard.

Try the TWICE-A-WEEK MESSENGER for a year in connection with the REPUBLICAN.

Both papers, one year for \$1.50. All clubbing subscriptions should be addressed to THE REPUBLICAN, Hartford, Ky.

Birds Told of Her Betrothal.

Little Birds are reputed to be forever telling interesting secrets, but it took a cage of them—and bluebirds, too, which signify happiness to betray Miss Margaret Cecilia Gray's engagement to Dr. DeVer Dwight Gray—a secret which up to the very moment of the interesting announcement had not been suspected.

Miss Gray who is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Gray, gave a reception one afternoon recently. The bidden guests passed the afternoon pleasantly in embroidery, augmented by an impromptu musical programme. Later tea was served in the dining room, converted into a floral bower of pink.

Then came time for farewells, and the unsuspecting guests, grouped on the veranda where stood their hostess, were suddenly startled by a fluttering cloud of bluebirds, released from a bird cage above their heads, showering the women with tiny envelopes bearing the names of Miss Margaret Cecilia Gray and Dr. DeVer Dwight Gray. They are not related.

No date is set for the nuptial event though it is to be this fall.

Farm For Sale.

150 Acres on Hartford and Rockport road, 1 1/2 miles from Broadway and 2 miles from Rockport. Schoolhouse on edge of farm and church near.

Three roads pass dwelling house which is on Hartford R. F. D. No.

Most of land perfectly level. Any one desiring to purchase farm will do well to investigate. Price reasonable. Apply for further information to BARNETT & SON, Agents.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL

Kentucky State Fair

LOUISVILLE

September 13th to 18th, 1915

Biggest Saddle Horse Show in the World

Fine Exhibits of Horses, Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Poultry, Field Seed and Grain, Horticulture, Women's Handiwork, Student's Judging Contest, Farmer Boys' Encampment and Baby Health Contest.

...Trotting and Pacing Races Each Day....

Clean Midway and Grand Fireworks Display.

RUTH LAW, Sensational Lady Aviator
doing the "Spiral Dive" "Dip of Death" "Steep Banking" and many other thrillers every afternoon.

Reduced Railroad Rates

J. L. DENT, Secretary, 705 Paul Jones Building, Louisville, Ky.

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATT

For catalogue and information. Box A.



NEW INSURANCE AGENCY

I have recently purchased from A. C. Yeiser his recording Agencies for the following Fire Insurance Companies: Continental, Hartford, Aetna, Phoenix and Fidelity, underwriters, which includes the business written in all the towns and villages in Ohio county. These are all old line Insurance Companies and I will be pleased to hear from anyone in need of Insurance. Respectfully,

E. E. BIRKHEAD, - Hartford, Ky.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things

Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.

Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN

Packages called for and delivered.

THE ELITE PRESSING CLUB

A. Iva Nall, Prop.

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

The Hartford Republican \$1 per year and worth it.

When in Louisville

STOP AT

ECKERT'S

5th Avenue Hotel

FRANK ECKERT, Prop.

H. H. ECKERT, Mgr.

\$1 Up. European Plan

Hartford College

Announces the Opening of its Thirty-sixth Year's Work

September 6, 1915.

Exceptional advantages are offered common school graduates and all ready for the High School work. Class "A" accredited High School maintained, with forty-minute recitation periods, and three teachers devoting their entire time to High School teaching. Large, wide-awake classes and a progressive school spirit. Board reasonable. Make your arrangements to enter. For further information call on or address

H. E. BROWN or HENRY LEACH
PRESIDENT. V. PRESIDENT.

West Ky. Seminary
Announces the Opening of its Fall Term, September 6, 1915

And again calls the attention of parents and Common School Graduates of Ohio county to the following facts:

Every Common School Graduate should be in High School this year for the entire year.

We offer a four year's course and are accredited.

The standing of West Kentucky Seminary and the quality of its work are of the highest.

Our instructors are able, experienced and efficient.

Tuition, to those holding diplomas, is free.

Good, cheap board can be secured in Beaver Dam.

Our school spirit is genuinely enthusiastic and the boys and girls who come here to school LEARN.

For further particulars, call upon or address

J. LOGAN STILLWELL, Principal
BEAVER DAM, KY.

"Lest We Forget."

"Lest we forget" is about the best text that can be recommended to Republicans at the present time. The European war and the temporary prosperity it has brought about in spots is being used for all it is worth to make Republicans forget what was "done to them" in 1912. Above all things this is the time not to forget, but to remember. We should remember that the whole country was prosperous and that all men were employed prior to 1912. We should remember that the entire Republican system of prosperity was attacked and that we were charged with responsibility for the high cost of living and for a great variety of economic evils. President Wilson came to Congress with a direct message to back up these charges. He did not mince words, but declared emphatically that the progress he had made under the Protective Tariff system must be destroyed. In his "Address from the Throne," April 8, 1913, immediately after he had called Congress in extraordinary session he said:

"We must abolish everything that bears even the resemblance of privilege or of any kind of artificial advantage aside from the duties laid upon articles which we do not, and probably cannot produce, therefore, and the duties laid upon luxuries and merely for the sake of the revenue they yield, the object of the tariff duties henceforth laid must be effective competition, the whetting of American wits by contest with the wits of the rest of the world."

This was the beginning of the president's efforts to put into effect the promises of the Democratic Party. In any discussion of the relative merits of a Republican or Democratic system of government, this message of President Wilson should not be forgotten. Neither should we forget the failure of the Administration to reduce the cost of living to destroy the Trusts, or to remedy any of the other evils charged against the Republican Party.

We should not forget the consequences of the policy which the President advocated with such vigor. Our Democratic friends prefer now to discuss the war in Europe, but we must not hold them to the industrial war they have wrought at home.

What was the effect of the President's tariff declaration?

First: A staggering blow to all business in the United States because of the fear of what was to come.

Second: The passage of the Underwood low tariff law which produced the most unsatisfactory industrial conditions.

Third: The loss of trade and employment at home, and the development of industries abroad.

Fourth: An income Tax and a War Tax imposed upon people who were at peace with the world; and a grist of legislation adverse to American enterprise.

Fifth: A depleted treasury with more taxes in sight, since the present war tax bill expires by limitation at the end of the current year and will have to be renewed in some form.

In seven months, from January 1, to July 31, 1914, the loss of revenue under the Wilson-Underwood Tariff Law, as compared with the repealed Republican Tariff Law of the previous year, was upwards of \$23,000,000. The damage to the country in that period was enormous and foreign manufacturers displaced \$248,000,000 worth of American labor. That, however, was only the beginning.

The whole argument in favor of President Wilson's tariff system was based upon alleged control of trusts and monopolies and the high cost of living.

Let us remember how his remedial scheme worked out. By admitting goods of foreign cheap labor free of duty, and at such rates of duty as made American competition impossible, the Wilson anti-artificial tariff law cost the American Treasury a full \$100,000,000 of revenue the first year. The retail price of foreign commodities was not reduced to the American consumer because the foreigner added the duty to his price. The Democrats, therefore, did not relieve the American consumer, but added \$100,000,000 to the profits of the foreign manufacturer who was thus enabled to take the work from the American working man.

If anyone thinks the cost of living has been reduced by Mr. Wilson's plan of reducing the tariff and lowering the "artificial" barriers which check competitive imports all he has to do is to compare the prices of 1915 in the heyday of the Wilson Administration with the prices of household commodities in the closing days of the Administration of Mr. Taft. The advantage in prices was all in Europe, not in the United States.

We cannot forget how the cost of living was to be reduced, because it has not been reduced; nor should we forget the other terrible losses we

have sustained and the new burdens we have assumed in addition to the \$100,000,000 tariff revenue loss which Wilson's administration said the American people should save. An Income Tax that was never necessary under a Republican administration has been imposed. There is some doubt what the income tax amounts to. The figures given out from Washington are confusing. But let us fix the amount at \$75,000,000 or \$80,000,000. They expected to get \$100,000,000. All this had to come out of the people of the United States workingmen and employers alike, and they never had to pay it before. And then the war tax. Don't let us forget the War Tax. You remember Mr. Wilson's administration was expected to relieve the people of taxes rather than to increase them. In times of peace we never had to impose a war tax before, certainly under no Republican Administration, but here, in spite of all promises of relief, an unwarranted burden of \$100,000,000 direct tax was levied upon the consumers of the land. Although the war tax in America was blamed upon the war in Europe, no man who understood the financial situation prior to the war failed to observe that the administration was incompetent to manage our finances on a "tariff revenue only" basis and that some form of direct taxation was inevitable. Don't forget also that the country was in financial distress before the European War broke out, that all industry and enterprise was losing confidence in it.

And now, "Lest We Forget," let us sum up the present situation. The Wilson Administration, having passed all the vexatious laws it could, is now trying to assure all business, both big and little that it did not mean any harm. Any suggestions that business has suffered of that capital has gone into hiding or that workingmen have lost employment have been treated as a state of mind. That sort of loss in business or employment was purely "psychological." The man who lost employment or who suffered in business wants to remember this. He does not want to forget it because we are having spasmodic prosperity in certain parts of the United States due to the demand for war supplies in Europe. The European war does not excuse the Democratic Party for using up the \$50,000,000 balance that was left in the Treasury when Mr. Wilson took hold. It does not excuse that party for losing \$100,000,000 of revenue and a full \$1,000,000,000 of business and wages. It does not excuse the Income Tax nor the War tax. It does not excuse the deficiency that now exists in the Treasury—that is to say the excess of expenditures over receipts that must eventually lead to an issue of bonds or additional taxes. It does not excuse the tendency of all legislation of the past two years toward Government ownership and the destruction of individual enterprises. It does not excuse the violation of Democratic pledges or retrenchment and economy, nor does it excuse the most extravagant Congress in all history. It does not excuse fake Anti Trust legislation, injurious shipping laws and the deliberate destruction of American shipyards by the proposed use of American taxes to purchase foreign vessels. It does not excuse the raids upon the Treasury for sectional purposes. All these things should be remembered, and "Lest We Forget" let us take up the United States Treasury Statements from day to day and discern for ourselves where we are drifting. I have before me the Treasury Statement of August 10th, which includes in collection all revenue receipts on the Democratic basis. For less than six weeks of the fiscal year of 1915 is shows that our receipts have been 16,500,000 less than they were for the same period in 1914, and that our expenditures were \$2,300,000 greater. Here is a net loss for six weeks of the new year only, of approximately \$16,000,000.

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Idle Funds Represent Lost Interest

If you had a machine that you could operate at a good profit day in and day out, would you not count as a loss the time it stood idle?

Your money is a good money-making machine. Invested in our certificates of deposit or on saving account, it earns interest every day of the week, every week of the month and every month of the year.

Remember, we give you absolute security and pay you the best rate of interest.

Central Trust Company

Cor. 4th and Frederica.

KNOWN EVERYWHERE as the SAFE and RELIABLE BANK



Typewriter Gives Business Standing

The small town merchant, the rural business man or the farmer who uses a typewriter has the advantage over the man who does not.

The typewriter not only saves time in writing letters and making out bills, but it adds prestige and reputation to the user.

The L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter is especially adapted to use in rural districts because it will stand more wear and does not require an expert operator. By following the instructions we will give you, you will have no trouble learning.

Mail This Coupon Today

Please send me your free book

I do not use a typewriter at present.

I am using a typewriter and would like to learn about your special offer to exchange it for a new one.

Name _____

P. O. _____

To the L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter Co.

414 Main Street
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

"ultimatum" letters to Europe are a sufficient atonement for the wrong that has been done to industries of the United States. Our duty would seem to be to unite forces and to proceed immediately to the repeal or revision of those laws which, when the competition of Europe is again free, can only humiliate us financially and economically.

None Equal to Chamberlain's

"I have tried most all of the cough cures and find that there is none that equal Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has never failed to give me prompt relief," writes W. V. Harner, Middletown, Ind. When you have a cold give this remedy a trial and see for yourself what a splendid medicine it is. Obtainable everywhere.

Pays To Break It.

His teacher was having a hard time explaining the lesson.

"Tommy, you can learn that if you make up your mind. It's not one bit smart to appear dull. I know that you're just as bright as any boy in the class. Remember, Tommy, where there's a will there's a way."

"Aw" broke in Tommy, "I know all dat, I do. Me fadder's a lawyer, an' I heard him say it lots o' times."

"You should not have interrupted me, but I am glad that your father has taught you the old adage. Can you repeat it to me?"

"Sure. Me fadder says dat where der's a will der's always a bunch of poor relatives."

Biliousness and Constipation.

It is certainly surprising that any woman will endure the miserable feelings caused by biliousness and constipation, when relief is so easily had at so little expense. Mrs. Chas. Peck, Gates, N. Y. writes: "About a year ago I used two bottles of Chamberlain's Tablets and they cured me of biliousness and constipation." Obtainable everywhere.

Germany And the American Revolution.

Steuben, De Kalb and Herkimer undoubtedly did good service in our army. The first named was a useful drillmaster; the second fought bravely in the South, and fell at Camden; the third was the "hero of Oriskany." Their names are entitled to honor. That we owe Germany any debt of gratitude for them is, however, not clear. Steuben was indeed a Prussian, but he was not sent hither by Frederick the Great. He came on the contrary, at French suggestion and through French influence, and we owe him to France rather than to Germany. De Kalb was born in Bavaria, but was throughout his life far more French than German. He was never in a German army, but entered that of France and there arose to distinction. It was as a French officer that he was engaged by Franklin in Paris to come hither, and it was in company with Lafayette that he came to America. We owe him entirely to France. As for Herkimer, he was not a German at all, but was born in this country, of Holland Dutch ancestry. So much for the only three officers whom "Kultur" can ever pretend to claim for its own. Of course the notion that they were indispensable or were a deciding factor in the war is simply fantastic. Valuable as were their services, they formed but a small part of an army which contained Washington, Greene, Schuyler, Sullivan, Stirling, Hamilton, Morgan, Putman, Allen, Knox, Warren, Prescott, Lafayette, Pulaski, Kosciusko, Moultrie, Mercer, Sumter, Stark and others. The German contribution to our independence was, in fact, negligible.

What, on the other hand, was the German opposition to our independ-

ence? On this point we may cite a good German and Prussian authority, Frederick Kapp and his "Soldatenhandbuch," published in Berlin in 1864. From him we learn that the Hessian and other German troops, whom German princes eagerly sent hither to oppress America, were more numerous than the entire American army. Hesse Cassel sent 16,992; Brunswick, 5,723; Hesse Hanau, 2, 422; Anspach Bayreuth, 2,353; Waldeck, 1,225; and Anspach Zerbst 1,152. Thus the total was 29,867. Of these 17,813, or more than 88 per cent, returned to Germany. Of the remaining 12,554, many were killed in battle or died of disease, and many others were settled by the British, after the war in Nova Scotia. It is a matter of record that very few deserted, and it is not a matter of record that any considerable number became American citizens and residents.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the membranes of the ear. Therefore, if this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken care of, the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENERY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.

Farm, Near Whitesville, For Sale.
We have listed with us a good 105 acre farm 4½ miles South of Whitesville, about half of it bottom land, and forty acres in timber including 58 gum, besides various other trees. No buildings. See us for prices.

BARNETT & SON, Agents.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice Hartford, Ky., as small matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT, Editor & Proprietor

Address all communications to the Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 5c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEGRAPHIES.

Cumberland 125

Farmers' Mutual 25

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—Edwin P. Morrow.

For Lieutenant Governor—Lewis L. Walker.

For Secretary of State—James P. Lewis.

For Auditor of Public Accounts—Edward A. Weber.

For State Treasurer—Wm. A. Hunter.

For Clerk Court of Appeals—Earl C. Huntsman.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction—R. P. Green.

For Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics—William C. Hanna.

For R. R. Commissioner—C. M. Barnett.

For Circuit Judge—R. W. Slack.

For Commonwealth's Attorney—C. E. Smith.

For State Senator—Albert Leach.

For Representative—L. L. Embry.

For Circuit Court Clerk—Wallace H. Riley.

Mr. Ringo has been awarded the Democratic nomination for Commonwealth's Attorney by Judge Thurman, through a technicality.

Now the platform is made we presume Mr. Stanley will sail into that Frankfort ring and set of "graffers" of whom he spoke during the primary campaign.

Hon. E. P. Morrow, Republican nominee for Governor, will open his campaign at Bowling Green next Monday Sep. 6. This paper will contain his speech in full next week.

That industrial commission, which President Wilson selected with such care, spent half million dollars of the tax payers' money and couldn't even agree on a report of how they did it. Isn't it about time to stop government by commission?

"And there has been no reduction in the selling price of any article manufactured or controlled by the greedy trusts, and we swapped our protective tariff for a "war tax," an income tax and an empty treasury, hasn't somebody or something done more to us than the Wilson administration has done to the trusts? Lexington Leader.

The friends of Mr. Stanley took the position that he should control the platform Convention and hence the platform is a Stanley platform, although less than half the Democrats in the State voted for him. What was the use in holding a convention? It would have been just as well to have had Stanley write and publish the platform, "Seeing as how" the convention could not oppose his wishes anyway.

The Owensboro Inquirer is running Sid Douthitt for Railroad Commissioner in this district, although Douthitt was nominated in the second district. We do not know what Mr. Finn may think of the conduct of the organ of the Democratic Campaign Chairman in thus pushing him off the ticket, but if he don't know any better than to run Douthitt in this district he may be running Stanley for Governor of Tennessee before the campaign is over.

Mr. Tanner lost his contest because he served his notice too soon.

We can see how a defendant might be prejudiced in case he was notified too late, but for the life of us we cannot imagine a contestee complaining that he had too much notice. In this case it is also strange that the Special Judge did not get appointed and the case set for a hearing until it was just too late under his ruling for Mr. Tanner to serve a new notice. In other words he was caught a "comin' and gwine."

The Progressive State Convention at Louisville was a failure. Less than a dozen counties sent delegates and the entire number present was less than the number of delegates allotted to Louisville. It is not believed that the partial ticket placed in the field by the Progressives will poll a thousand votes in the entire State. Last year the only vote polled was in Louisville and the platform declaration on the subject of State-Wide will wipe that vote out. The Progressives are practically all in line for Edwin P. Morrow and the State ticket nominated with him.

After almost finishing a harmonious State Convention the Democrats came near duplicating the celebrated music hall meeting in Louisville this week, at the close. After high handed methods in deposing the National Committeeman, Mr. Woodson, and State Chairman Vansant and other members of the State Central Committee, Senator Beckham was sent for to make a speech. The Senator proceeded to unload his mind concerning the unusual proceeding. This threw the Convention into the wildest scenes of disorder. He was howled down and not permitted to complete his speech. Today the party is disrupted by the acts of the Convention and its treatment of Senator Beckham, in its closing hours. It will be interesting to know how the 69,000 Democrats who stood by Beckham, McChesney and Rhea will take this treatment by the State Convention.

In this issue we republish an editorial from the Owensboro News, dealing with the late Democratic primary in this judicial district. This article is only one of several appearing in that paper in which the open charge of bribery and corruption is made and in which the successful candidates are dared to challenge the truthfulness of the charges. This paper does not desire to make any improper charge and has waited several weeks to see if any denial would be made to these serious accusations published in Owensboro paper. They are being talked all over the district and we do not feel that our duty to our people will permit us to longer remain silent. If they are untrue our columns are open for a denial, as we mean to be just and fair in this matter. What we want to know is did Judge Birkhead and Mr. Lavaga Clements, his Master Commissioner for Daviess county, go into saloon or saloons Wednesday night before the primary election, in company with various persons who had attended a speaking at which J. S. Glenn was repeatedly howled down and discourteously treated by supporters of Birkhead, and did either, or both Birkhead and Clements buy the drinks for any or all of these people? We will be glad to publish an answer to these questions.

When the case of Tanner vs. Ringo was called at Owensboro Monday by Special Judge Thurman, Mr. Ringo relied upon a demur to the petition, on the ground that notice had been filed too soon, and the case was thrown out of court upon that ground. Mr. Ringo made a serious mistake. He should have waived any such technical grounds. He should have invited investigation with the declaration that he would not take a nomination which came to him through fraud, or corruption. How could a man with clear hands seeking a position which makes it his duty to prosecute others for corruption do otherwise? It may be that a recount of the ballots would not change the result, but with Ringo's slender majority a few errors might do so. Under the circumstances the outsider can only conclude that he feared a recount of the ballots or the testimony which might be brought out showing corruption and vote buying, which is charged was resorted to in the primary, in the interest of himself and running mate. Mr. Ringo lost another good opportunity to retain at least a semblance of confidence among his constituents, when he failed, after Judge Birkhead had overlooked it, to charge the Ohio county special grand jury to investigate the charge of corruption in the Democratic primary in Ohio County. It is remembered that in 1913, two short years ago, Mr. Ringo made a vigorous speech to the October term grand jury on the subject of vote buying in which he breathed fire and brimstone against any and all violations of the election laws. He procured the publication of this speech to put up with monstrous evil."

"If religion won't make a man against whiskey advocates, then the teachings of our ministers at our churches go for very little. If whis key advocates and whiskey drinkers are to be sent to the United States Senate in preference to men, then let your saloons be put on every corner."

Another editorial dated July 30, 1914, under the head of—

LATEST WAR NEWS

Monday.

United States.—President Wilson has decided definitely to remain in Washington until the situation between the United States and Germany is cleared up. It was stated that the president was waiting for a formal disavowal of the attack in the Arctic and assurance that the lives of Americans traveling on an unarmed merchant vessel will not be endangered again.

Russia.—The Austro-German troops have broken the Russian lines along the Zlota Lipa River in Eastern Galicia according to Berlin claims, and the Russian extreme left is apparently in danger. The dispatches also state that the Russian resistance behind Brest-Litovsk has been broken. The army of Grand Duke Nicholas is offering an effective resistance in Courland.

France.—The Germans thus far have made no move toward a great offensive in the west. It is being vaguely hinted that the long delayed "big push" of the Allies in France will begin in October.

The Dardanelles.—There has been more heavy fighting on Gallipoli peninsula, according to the Turkish report, in which the Allies suffered heavily in a series of attacks.

Bulgaria.—On the political side of the war, a Berlin report says that Bulgaria has not yet ratified the recently-arranged treaty with Turkey, as the Quadruple Powers have notified Bulgaria that they would regard as willfully unfriendly such action for itself.

"No County should be deprived, by any outside interference, of the right to determine this matter for itself."

What do you call that but a declaration against State wide Prohibition?

It can only mean that the 120 counties of the State shall not be allowed to vote on the question as a whole. To the liquor counties that would be "outside interference."

Col. Woodson Declines To Be Fired.

Owensboro, Ky., Sept. 1.—In a statement given out in New York to-night by Urey Woodson, Democratic national committeeman who was deposed by snap action of the state

platform convention held in Louisville Tuesday, the Owensboro man challenges the right of the State organization to deprive him of the office until his time expires and asserts he can not be removed by action of the State Committee.

In other words, Col. Woodson says he won't be fired and declares the National Committee will sustain him and refuse to seat Gen. W. B. Halderman, of Louisville, selected by the handpicked convention of Stanleyites.

STANLEY'S RECORD ON THE COUNTY UNIT AND STATE WIDE.

The following editorials are from the Mayfield Daily Messenger, one of the leading Democratic dailies of Western Kentucky, commenting on Mr. Stanley's position on the whiskey question. Written by the President of the Kentucky Press Association and published in a recognized democratic daily of large influence, they are worthy of consideration by our democratic friends. The first is from the Messenger of July 25, 1914, just before the primary last year, when Mr. Stanley was a candidate for the U. S. Senate, under the head of—

Stanley Undemocratic

"Mr. Stanley is opposed to local option; is opposed to county unit; is opposed to state-wide; is opposed to nation wide; is opposed to the Hobson resolution. All of these measures leave their adoption with the people. Each voter acts as his own representative. The voters in any district, city, county, state or nation can legislate as they want on the liquor question. This is the old Democratic Democracy—let the people rule. Mr. Stanley is willing for the people to vote for him in a primary election, but he can't bear the idea of allowing them to vote to keep saloons out. Great inconsistency. His position is fearfully undemocratic and contrary to good morals."

Another editorial, same date, under the head of—

Which is Best.

"We sometimes lose faith in our Christian religion, or at least in those who belong to a church, take part in Sunday schools and pretend to be Christians; when so many of these men will go to church, sing and shout, attend Sunday school, teach honesty, sobriety and go to the polls and cast their vote for a man for United States Senator who opposes all our anti-saloon legislation and fights the cause of temperance on every occasion that presents itself to him."

"If religion won't make a man against whiskey advocates, then the teachings of our ministers at our churches go for very little. If whiskey advocates and whiskey drinkers are to be sent to the United States Senate in preference to men, then let your saloons be put on every corner."

Another editorial dated July 30, 1914, under the head of—

Messenger Gives the Truth.

"We saw him in the State convention in 1911 stand up and vote against even putting the county-unit plank in the Democratic platform. His neighbors say he never voted for local option in any way whatever at his home. He did vote against it in the State convention; he did dodge the vote on the Webb-Kenyon bill; he did go back to Washington and put himself in company with Republican Mr. Taft and voted to sustain the president in order to prevent the passage of the bill over the veto of the president. We do know that he is not in favor of allowing the people to regulate the sale of whiskey by giving them their right to vote. We do know that the whiskey element, together with its friends, are lined up with him in this campaign. We have not heard of a single speech that he has ever made in the interest of temperance and local reform."

Still another editorial of same date, under the head of—

Just A Word Before Election

"The whiskey trust cares nothing for the Democratic, Republican or any other party; it cares nothing for Sunday, any more than Monday. It cares nothing for human character, the protection of virtue and soberness of the country."

"Mr. Stanley is backed up by this interest. And we believe there is not a reader of the Mayfield Messenger who will not believe us when we say that this power and influence should be bodily rebuked next Saturday at the Primary. Mark what we tell you, so long as we pander to men who ally themselves with the whiskey power, so long will we have

to put up with monstrous evil."

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Just A Word Before Election

"The whiskey trust cares nothing for the Democratic, Republican or any other party; it cares nothing for Sunday, any more than Monday. It cares nothing for human character, the protection of virtue and soberness of the country."

"Mr. Stanley is backed up by this interest. And we believe there

is not a reader of the Mayfield Messenger who will not believe us when we

Fall Hosiery!



The Best
In Everything!

In connection with our regular fall stock, we are receiving the BLACK CAT line of Hosiery for Men, Women and Children. If you are not getting good wearing Hose, try a pair of the BLACK CATS. They cost you no more and wear longer. Children's School Hose from 15c to 25c. Ladies', all qualities, from 15c to \$1 pair. Men's Silk Lisle Hose, 25c. Competitors say others are just as good as BLACK CAT, but our word for it, NONE WEAR LIKE THEM. Buy your hosiery from us, and remember that IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

Fair & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch	8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch	7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch ..	3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington ..	5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington ..	5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville ..	7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ..	8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington ..	10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington ..	10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch ..	1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—	
Due at Hartford.....	8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—	
Due at Hartford.....	6:15 p. m.

(Both "Mixed Trains")

Mr. Hooker Williams was in Louisville first of the week.

Mr. Rowan Holbrook was in Louisville first of the week.

Mr. Douglas Felix was in Louisville first of the week.

For Bran and Shipstuf see W. E. Ellis & Bro., Hartford Ky. 8t4

Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Maxey are visiting relatives at Rochester

For—Violin Lessons, write to Elliott P. Orr, Beaver Dam, Ky.

Ellis Milling Co. guarantees every sack of their Blue Ribbon Flour.

Miss Edith Welsh, of Owensboro is the guest of Miss Gayle Tichenor.

Mrs. Ben Ringo was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Brown last week.

Get your stock ready for the great Ohio County Fair, Sept. 16, 17 & 18.

Miss Elizabeth Moore was the guest of friends in Dundee this week.

For big bargains in Real Estate see Holbrook & Parks, Hartford, Ky. 7t4

Miss Nettie Gillispie left Wednesday for Rockport where she will visit relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bean and children are the guests of relatives in Louisville.

Miss Ruth Miller, of Owensboro, was the guest of Miss Nancy Ford last week.

Try a sack of Blue Ribbon, best patent Flour, made by the Ellis Milling Co. 8t4

The Ellis Milling Co., Hartford, Ky., wholesale as well as retail their products.

You can get Flour made by the Ellis Milling Co. from most any grorer in Hartford. 8t4

Mr. William Moore was the guest of relatives and friends in and near Dundee this week.

Miss Mary Marks will leave first of the week for Bowling Green where she will enter school.

The Ohio County Fair will comprise three days this year, but they will be better than ever.

Farmers, bring your wheat to the Ellis Milling Co's mill and get some of the best Flour made.

Miss Lulene Bennett has returned home after an extended visit to the Misses Baird, of Alexander.

Misses Gussie and Lulene Bennett and Kennedy Collins attended the Singing at Bethel Sunday.

W. E. Ellis & Bro. have three Farmer's Favorite Wheat Drills that they will sell for \$30 each 8t4

Miss Marie Austin, of Louisville was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hooker Williams last week.

Mrs. Estes and children have returned from a visit to relatives at Owensboro and Short Station.

W. E. Ellis & Bro. have three plies of Clover Seed and other field seeds to sell at reasonable prices.

Messrs. John Lindley, Livermore and Homer Lindley, No Creek were among our pleasant callers Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Miller and children of Central City are the guests of Mrs. Miller, on Union Street.

For the well known Dapbreak Fertilizer call or phone in your order. Prices right.

Mr. Layer who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Barrass returned to his home in Louisville Saturday.

Misses Nella Alford, Beulah Palmer and Elizabeth Davidson have returned home from a visit to friends at Horse Branch.

Large stock Red Clover Seed, Northern Rye and Timothy Seed. We are in position to give low prices.

Up To Date—for a smooth shave, clean bath, up-to-date hair cut, Shampoo and finest tonics, Riley's Barber shop is the place. 6t4

Mrs. Maggie Griffin will return home tomorrow from Maceo where she has been spending the Summer with her sister, Miss Craig.

Mr. Wallace Riley who had a severe attack of indigestion with a slight touch of appendicitis Monday is improving and should be out in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sheren, of Dallas, Texas, and Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Clark of Bowling Green spent Tuesday with their brother, Mr. C. I. Maxey, city.

Mrs. Shultz, of Pleasant Ridge and Mrs. McKinney and children of Taylor Mines were the guests of their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Sandifer this week.

Rev. Napier and sister, Miss Keener Napier spent the day at Little Bend Saturday where they were called to the bedside of Miss Edna Elliott, who is very ill.

Mr. J. B. Rowan, of Heflin vicinity is very ill from disease of the kidneys, and not expected to survive. He is unconscious and has been in that condition many hours.

The trustees of Division 1 are called to meet at Barnett's Creek church on Saturday, Sept. 4, 1915, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of reorganizing the Division Board.

OZNA SHULTZ, S. S. O. C.

Mr. W. J. Bean and family, Miss Verma Duke, Capt. A. D. White, A. I. Nall, Louis Riley, Ernest Wilson and family, Ray O'Bannon, Lige O'Bannon Dowden Estes, Miss Lizzie Owen, Fred Cooper and Bob Marks went to Louisville last Saturday and returned Sunday night.

Mail me your order at once for Fine Raw Bone \$1.55 per 100-lbs. Beef Blood and

Bone \$1.20 per 100-lbs. Acid Phosphate 70 per 100-lbs. Raw Phosphate 40 per 100-lbs. Fine Ground Lime 20 per 100-lbs.

D. L. D. SANDERFUR,
8t3 Beaver Dam, Ky.

Circuit Court Notes.

Com'th. vs. Murray Maddox, charged with like offense—continued to and set down for trial on second day of the next October term of Circuit Court.

Com'th. vs. Eph. Risinger, et al.—the defendant Jesse Ashford, was arrested by the Sheriff and delivered to the court, in open court, and being unable to execute bond was remanded to the custody of the jailer of Ohio county.

Com'th. vs. Eph. Risinger, et al.—charged with unlawfully banding together with others to injure another—plea of guilty entered and by agreement his punishment was fixed by the jury at confinement in the penitentiary for a period of 5 years. In the same case Jno. Southard was arrested, charged with same offense. He executed bond for his appearance on the 8th day for trial.

The following petit jurors were excused from further service: J. W. Bowles, J. T. Shrum, Virgil Bishop, F. C. Kitchens and J. N. Logsdon

Com'th. vs. F. M. Allen, et al.—continued to 4th day of the October term for trial.

Com'th. vs. Tom Williams, et al.—continued to 3rd day of the October term for trial.

Com'th. vs. Frank Allen, et al.—bond of Marion Balls—\$500—forgotten and summons issued. Same order entered against Henry Addington.

Com'th. vs. Eph. Risinger, et al.—Abe Carter arrested, charged with banding together to injure another, was taken before the court by the Sheriff and failing to execute bond, was remanded to the custody of the jailer to await trial.

Com'th. vs. Claude Allen and Lafe Crowley, charged with unlawful confederating and banding together for the purpose of injuring another—set forward to Friday for trial.

Com'th. vs. John Durham, et al.—same charge—Com'th. elected to try John Durham, Jr., whereupon defendant, by attorney, announced not ready and filed affidavit for continuance. The case was set forward for trial Friday.

The name of M. F. Faught was omitted from our published list of Petit Jurors last week.

Court adjourned Saturday until Tuesday. No cases tried Tuesday.

Com'th. vs. Mike Wydick charged with conspiring to alarm another, trial verdict, guilty and punishment fixed at one year in the penitentiary.

Com'th. vs. Jesse Fulkerson, charged with manslaughter, plea of guilty and punishment fixed at 10 to 15 years in penitentiary.

Judge Birkhead ordered a special term of court for one week beginning Oct. 11 and continuing to 16th. This is the week proceeding the regular term and will make in all three weeks.

Com'th. vs. Will Owen, charged with burning a tobacco factory at Fordsville, on trial. Will probably take rest of court.

Elzie Allen, of Centertown, who was under \$500 bond in another case, was arrested under a new indictment escaped from jailer Midkiff and has left for parts unknown.

DEMURRER FILED IN CONTEST CASE

And Dismisses the Petition of Lawrence Tanner Who Will Not Appeal.

The certificate of nomination for commonwealth's attorney of the Sixth judicial district of Kentucky was awarded by the state election commissioners to Ben D. Ringo will stand, and Mr. Ringo will be the Democratic nominee for that office to be voted for at the November election.

That was the final outcome of the contest proceeding instituted by Lawrence P. Tanner which was filed on Saturday, August 14, and pursuant to the ruling of Special Judge I. H. Thurman made in the case this morning shortly after the case was called for trial.

The attorneys for the contestee filed a demurrer to the petition upon the grounds that the court had no jurisdiction of the case, as there was nothing before the court to be considered.

It was stated that the notice of contest was filed on August 14, 1915, and the certificate of nomination was not awarded Mr. Ringo by the state board of election commissioners until August 21, and under the law the contest must be filed within five days after that time, which made August 26, the last to file the notice of contest. As that time was expired, it is too late for any further proceedings in the case.

In ruling on the demurrer, Judge Thurman based his decision on subsection 28, of section 1550 of the general statutes which says: "Any candidate wishing to contest the nomination of any other candidate when voted for at a primary held under this act shall give notice in writing to the person whose nomination he intends to contest, stating the grounds of such contest, within five days from the time the election commissioners shall have awarded the certificate of nomination to such candidate whose nomination is contested."

Although Mr. Tanner was granted an appeal, he stated shortly after court adjourned that he would submit to the ruling of Judge Thurman, and that there would be no appeal taken. "So far as I am concerned, the case has ended," stated Mr. Tanner.

The official returns showed that Mr. Ringo's majority was 221.

Republican Committee Meeting.

The members of the Ohio county Republican Executive Committee are hereby called to meet at the courthouse in Hartford, at 1 o'clock p. m. Wednesday Sept. 8th, for the purpose of considering matters in connection with the present campaign. All Republicans and others interested in the success of the Republican ticket are invited to meet with the committee.

A. D. KIRK, Ch'm'n.
R. E. DUKE, Sec.

Livermore 3, Hartford 2.

The game between Hartford and Livermore last Saturday was one of the best we have had this season from every point of view. It was a battle between Payne and Pirtle with Payne getting the breaks in luck. Pirtle allowed three safe bingles and Welsh and Elgin were the only Outlaws who solved the delivery of the mysterious Payne. Yes, yes it was painful.

Lightening like double plays by Tally and Rowan were fielding features. The one which came in the Outlaws' half of the ninth saved Livermore the game as our heavy end was up and Elgin was on first with no outs. Welsh hit a scorch to Tally who grabbed it on the short bounce and fired to Rowan who zipped to Rickard. This put Payne on easy street and the game was over.

Pirtle mystified thirteen of the Livermore batters and had good control of his stuff. It is a shame he had to lose.

The Line-Up:

Livermore	Hartford
Atherton, s. s.	Tullowes, c.
Ricard, 1b.	Elgin, 2b.
Rowan, 2b.	Welsh, s. s.
Kaufman, c.	Keown, 3b.
Tally, 3b.	H. Pirtle c. f.
Owen, 1. f.	Barnett, 1b.
L. Howley, c. f.	Tinsley, 1. f.
G. Howley, r. f.	Glenn, r. f.
Payne, p.	R. Pirtle, p.

Innings	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—RHE
Hartford	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 2 2
Livermore	0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0—2 2 2

7t4

Fair For Ohio County.

The Ohio County Fair Company has decided to give a three days fair at Hartford this year. The date will be Sept. 16, 17 and 18.

Special attractions are being arranged and the premium list will be larger and better than ever.



RESOLVED BOYS:

THAT IF YOU WANT A NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES, THE WAY TO GET IT IS TO ASK YOUR MOTHER AND FATHER FOR IT, AND KEEP ON ASKING FOR IT UNTIL THEY BRING YOU, OR SEND YOU, DOWN TO OUR STORE TO GET IT.

ASK THEM FOR A NEW SUIT TO-DAY.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.</p

Result of Republican Primary Held August 7th.

The official count in the recent primary has not been made, but figures ascertained from the tabulation in the Secretary of State's office in Frankfort, with fifteen counties missing give:

Morrow	60,675
McLaughlin	8,188

Morrow's Majority 52,487

The Auditor's Race.

In the Auditor's race three candidates appeared on the ticket; but two of them, Wilhoit and Perkins withdrew after the ballot had been printed, thus leaving their names on the ballot.

This withdrawal came only three days before the primary and the time was insufficient in which to pass the information to the voters of the State. The vote in this race resulted as follows, with twenty-three counties missing:

It has been rumored that information was given out from Frankfort that the Wilhoit vote slightly exceeded that of Mr. Weber. This information is erroneous as the figures herein are taken from the tabulation in the Secretary of State's office and indications are that Weber's majority will be materially increased when the returns come in.

State Treasurer.

The State Treasurer's race, with all but fifteen counties reported, resulted as follows:

Commissioner of Agriculture.
In the race for Commissioner of Agriculture, with all but fifteen counties reported:

Clerk of Court Appeals.
For Clerk of the Court of Appeals, with fifteen counties missing:

Remaining Races.

In the remaining races for Secretary of State Judge Lewis received a large majority and is undoubtedly nominated. In the race for Lieutenant Governor, Judge L. L. Walker, of Lancaster, made a runaway race.

The returns indicate a very close finish between Huntsman and McCoy for Clerk of the Court of Appeals and it is hard to tell just who will finish first when the final returns come in.

The fifteen counties from which reports are lacking follow:

Bell, Carter, Harrison, Jefferson, Rowan, Shelby, Union, Calloway, Edmonson, Henderson, Marion, Russell, Todd, Warren and Woodford.

An Easy, Pleasant Laxative.
One or two of Dr. King's New Life Pills with a tumbler of water at night. No bad, nauseating taste; no belching gas. Go right to bed. Wake up in the morning, enjoy a free, easy bowel movement, and feel fine all day. Dr. King's New Life Pills are sold by all Druggists, 36 in an original package, for 25c. Get a bottle to-day—enjoy this easy, pleasant laxative.

A busy housewife came into the sitting room with a determined look in her eyes.

"I really shall have to punish those children," she began.

"What have the little beggars been up to now?" asked father, looking up from his newspaper.

"Why they've made a mess of my sewing room," explained his wife. "Needles, reels of cotton, scissors—everything has been hidden away in the unexpected places. It is really exasperating."

Her husband laid down his paper and smiled benignly.

"I did that," he said calmly. Then, in answer to a questioning look, he went on: "You tidied up my desk so beautifully the other day, that I thought it only fair to return the compliment. So I tidied up your sewing room."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Dick Knott On Trial.

Dick Knott is in a way the most brilliant newspaper writer in Kentucky. Everybody cusses and everybody reads the Evening Post. It is the most erratic, the most irresponsible and at the same time in a certain sense, the most interesting sheet issued from Kentucky newspaper press. We know people who would not on any account contribute a cent to its upkeep, who will borrow that paper to read.

The average newspaper editor has a fixed character and the reader has

a notion of what to expect of the next issue of his paper, but Knott has no policy, no purpose that he may not change over night, and this perhaps is his purposal speculation on human curiosity.

If Dick Knott were a normal human being he could not support Stanley. If half of what Stanley said about Knott and the Louisville Evening Post only a short year ago were true he should spurn the support of such a dirty sheet, and if not true Stanley is the most conscienceless defamer of character that ever disgraced a public platform in Kentucky, and is unworthy the support of Richard W. Knott or any other citizen who has a jealous regard for his character.

We are not assuming to umpire the quarrel between Knott and Stanley, but before this campaign closes we shall show by the record that one or the other of them is wholly unworthy of the respect and confidence of decent citizens.

Notice To Creditors.

All persons having claims against the estate of Nancy Jones, deceased, will present same to the administrator for settlement on or before Sept. 15, 1915, or be forever barred.

This August 14, 1915.
ELIZABETH DURHAM,
Administratrix, Centertown, Ky.

Teachers' and Trustees' Meeting.

The teachers and trustees of Div. one will hold their first meeting on Saturday Sept. 14th, at Barnett's Creek church.

Program.

Song—By church choir.
Scripture Reading and Prayer—Dillas Ward.

Welcome Address—By one selected in district.

Response—Marshall Crowe.

The Function of the Rural School—Marvin Hoover.

Necessity of Discipline—John Hamilton.

How Time is Wasted—Dudley Westerfield.

Select Reading—Irene Ward.

Principles of Teaching—T. M. Wright.

Educational Value of Play—C. B. Show.

Home Geog. and Natural Study—Claude Fraze.

Should Agriculture be taught in the Rural School?—Prof. Browder.

Boys Corn Club—U. R. Carson.

Domestic Science—Berdie Midkiff.

Child Study—Arlie May.

Punishment of Pupils—D. D. Moseley.

Libraries and how to Obtain—J. T. Hogland.

The Ideal Teacher—By Trustees.

The Benefit of K. E. A.—Ozna Shultz.

In What Does the Teacher Usually Fail?—General discussion led by the trustees.

Purpose of School—Discussed by visitors.

The Town vs. Country in School Matters—General discussion.

Recent Tendencies—E. S. Howard.

Clarence Bartlett, Ernest Wilson.

Will open at 10:00 a. m. Every body invited to come and take a part in all discussions.

We would like to see a great number of the children present.

Farm For Sale.

Eighty acres of good land containing dwelling, barn and other outbuildings, situated on Hartford and Rockport road. Well and spring on farm. Church and schoolhouse near.

For price, terms, etc., call or address BARNETT & SON, Agts. 341f Hartford, Ky.

Fracas Over The Fragments.

Contributors to the Stanley primary campaign fund are quarreling over the distribution of the large surplus left over. The fund was enormous, and the balance is considerable. Nearly one hundred and fifty thousand dollars was collected to put over the distinguished openwider but forty thousand was left over. A majority of the contributors want to carry the surplus over to the credit of the campaign committee, but a number of them insist they contributed only to effect the defeat of Beckham and Haly, and don't care a tinker's damn about Stanley and want their prorata of the surplus returned to them.

Whatever the result of the Democrat's quarrel about the disposition of the forty thousand surplus the important fact is that a candidate whose nomination was bought at such a tremendous price has an uncertain claim upon those members of his party who honestly believed that their votes, honestly cast, was to determine the choice of their party as its nominee for Governor. Kentucky Sun.

For Sale Cheap.

We have a 2 acre lot near McHenry and Simmons mines to offer at a bargain. A good two 16 foot room house, barn smoke house and good well of water. One half mile of church and school house. Would make a fine poultry farm.

For terms call on or address.

BARNETT & SON,

48St Hartford, Ky.

Drew Gun On Train Because Engines Interrupted Sleep.

Annoyed in his slumbers by the frequent passing of trains on Caldwell street during the early hours of the morning, Patrick Sullivan, 45 years old, of 1225 Caldwell street, took matters into his own hands.

When Andrew Trunk an engineer

Coming Defeat of Woman Suffrage In New York.

Most of the men who do the rough and tumble work of politics in New York county are against woman suffrage and believe it will be badly beaten in November's referendum vote. That is the outstanding fact that appears in interviews which the Sun has obtained from Republican and Democratic district leaders.

Heretofore most of the news of the campaign of the suffragists, now approaching its climax, for the right to vote in the "enemy's country" of New York has dealt almost exclusively with the activities of the women themselves. Their hopes and fears and adroit methods of campaigning have been fully set forth from day to day and will continue to be.

But what about the men who will walk up to the ballot-box on November 2 and decide whether the women shall be franchised? What of the men who control the party organizations?

What impression has been made upon them by all the oratory and personal appeal with which the suffragists have been hammering away month after month? How will the politicians vote? How do they think their "constituents" will vote? It seemed to the Sun that it was time to find out what the men were doing with suffrage. Hence the collections of opinion from district leaders which are presented here-

with.

Here is the record in figures: Of

the Democratic district leaders or their representatives who could be reached and who expressed an opinion (a number are out of the city) only two are for woman suffrage, and eight are against it. Twelve think

it will be defeated, more think the amendment will be carried. The number of Republican leaders for suffrage is four, the number against is eight. The number of Republican leaders who think it will win is one; defeated, thirteen. Others who would not be quoted are known to be against suffrage.

Everyone of these men said the pro-suffragists and the antis are being treated impartially and that none of the Regular Democratic and Re-

publican organizations has committed itself in either direction. This is true of both Tammany Hall and of the Republican county committee, as well as of the district machines.

Worth Their Weight in Gold.

"I have used Chamberlain's Tablets and found them to be just as represented, a quick relief for headaches, dizzy spells and other symptoms denoting a torpid liver and a disordered condition of the digestive organs. They are worth their weight in gold," writes Miss Clara A. Driggs, Elba, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere.

The World Over.

British India has 76,181,000 acres in rice.

The United States has 1,903,000 acres of land.

Utah in 1914 mined 3,103,036 tons of coal, valued at \$4,935,454.

There are 478,000,000 acres of unimproved land in the United States.

Australia has 17,000,000 uncultivated acres of land suitable for wheat growing.

Salt Lake City last year expended \$1,435,833.48 on public improvements.

Sydney Australia, now has 800,000 people and a trade of \$300,000,000 a year.

Best in the city for the money. Special attention to the traveling public.

OWENSBORO, KY.

Planters House

—Operated by—

Planters Hotel Company

Under New Management

T. QUISENBERRY.

Rates \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 per Day

Meals 25 Cents.

Best in the city for the money. Special attention to the traveling public.

OWENSBORO, KY.

Electric Bitters

Succeed where everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

JUSTICES' COURTS.

Ed. Show, Hartford, Tuesday after 3d Monday in March, Tuesday after 3d Monday in June, Tuesday after 3d Monday in September, Tuesday after 3d Monday in December.

L. A. McDaniel, Rockport, Friday after 3d Monday in March, Friday after 3d Monday in June, Friday after 3d Monday in September, Friday after 3d Monday in December.

S. W. Leach, Cromwell, Wednesday after 2d Monday in March, Wednesday after 2d Monday in May, Wednesday after 2d Monday in August, Wednesday after 2d Monday in November.

W. S. Dean, Dundee, Wednesday after the second Monday in March, Wednesday after 2d Monday in May, Wednesday after 2d Monday in August, Wednesday after 2d Monday in November.

Winson Smith, Select, Tuesday after 2d Monday in March, Thursday after 2d Monday in May, Thursday after 2d Monday in August, Thursday after 2d Monday in November.

W. H. Gillespie, W. H. Barnes, C. M. Crowe.

HARTFORD POLICE COURT.

O. C. Martin, Judge; McDowell A. Fogle, City Attorney; J. P. Stevens, Marshal; Court convenes second Monday in each month.

City Council—J. C. Iler, Mayor; R. T. Collins, Clerk; J. E. Bean, Treasurer. Members of Council—J. C. Bennett, Capt. A. D. White, A. E. Pate, W. H. Gillespie, W. H. Barnes, C. M. Crowe.

Hartford Board Education—J. H. P. Carson, Ch'm'n'; C. M. Barnett, Sec.; E. W. Ford, Treas.; R. T. Collins, J. D. Duke.

PROCURING AND DEFENDING. Send model, drawing, sketch, or picture of your invention, and we will ascertain if it is patentable. Communicate directly with us. All expenses paid.

Patents taken through Munro & Co. receive special notice without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any publication of its kind. Four months' \$1.00. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNRO & CO., 364 Broadway, New York.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

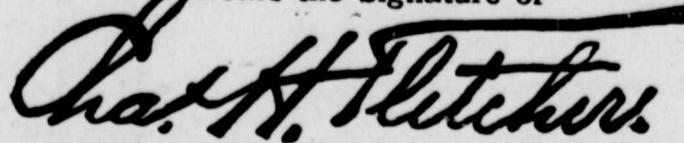
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paraffin, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will please use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. This Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

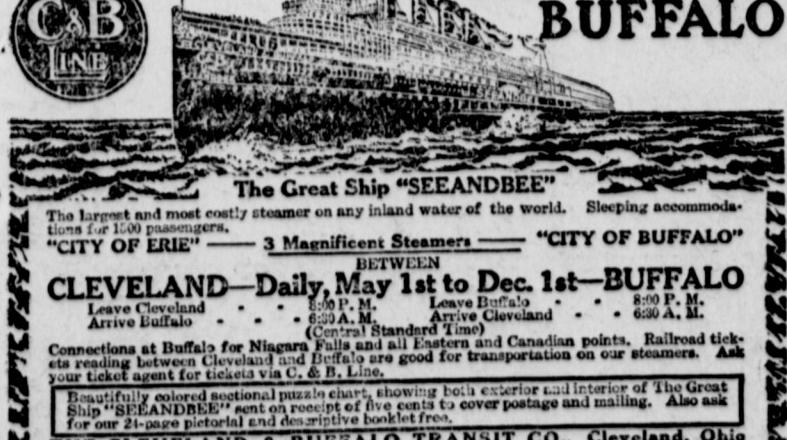
25-Year Guarantee

Even Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 25 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction. P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

FARE \$3.00 DAILY BETWEEN CLEVELAND & BUFFALO



THOS. E. MOSS

Plasterer, Decorator and Contractor.

Lifetime experience with best of workmen, and can give any reference desired. Call me on Hartford Mill Co., phone, or address me at Hartford, Ky.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

The Republican party in Kentucky in convention assembled adopts the following platform:

(1) We approve the policies of the National Republican party in providing for the defenses of our coasts against foreign invasion, and the protection of American industry against the pauper labor of foreign countries without imposing unnecessary or unjust burdens upon the consumer. We favor the nomination for the Presidency of a candidate who is in accord with those policies, and is abreast of the spirit of progress required by ever changing condition.

(2) We condemn the inefficiency of the administration at Washington, its inadequate tariff law and its tax in times of peace, which have resulted in the closing of factories, the stagnation of business and the enforced idleness of millions of workmen.

We demand the redistricting of Kentucky in legislative, senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, which shall give equal representation and equal voting power to every citizen of every district, in conformity with the plain requirements of the Constitution, and not as at present, in flagrant violation hereof.

(3) We demand the repeal of the present infamous primary law formed for the purpose of preventing freedom of choice to the voter, and favor the enactment of a law which shall permit party nominations for judicial offices without regard to the party affiliation of the candidates so that the judiciary may be chosen on non-partisan grounds, and the continuance in office of judicial public servants may be determined by no other qualification than that of fitness.

We favor amendment to State laws permitting and encouraging joint nominations of the same candidate by the different parties. We demand the repeal of the law providing for registration certificates imposed upon the State by the Democratic party for immoral political purposes, whereby votes in Kentucky have become negotiable instruments, passing by delivery.

(4) We demand that the public schools of the State shall be taken and kept entirely out of politics, and that the interests and welfare of the children shall have first consideration in all public school matters. We call for better schools and schoolhouses, for longer school terms in the country and better pay for the teachers.

We also favor extending the aid of the State to its institutions for higher education.

(5) There should be complete publicity concerning the expenditure of money for political campaigns, and a law should be passed for the accounting by candidates and campaign managers of all sums of money collected for political purposes.

(6) We demand the enactment of a law providing for bi-partisan control of the penal and charitable institutions, and for the abolition of contract labor, and we endorse the Constitutional Amendment providing for convict labor on public roads and highways, insofar as the same may be done without injury to free or organized labor.

(7) Realizing the influence of good roads on the economic, educational, social and religious development of the State, we pledge ourselves that the present law, introduced by a Republican, authorizing State aid, shall be carried out, and the building of permanent highways throughout the State by a system guaranteeing to the people an honest expenditure of their money, shall be encouraged.

(8) We favor further legislation for the protection of labor from unnecessary bodily injury, and we favor the enactment of a fair and equitable workmen's compensation law.

(9) We favor giving to the Railroad Commission power to regulate public utilities of the State.

(10) We favor the passage of laws which shall make effective constitutional provision against the issuance of free passage to officials.

(11) We oppose double taxation, and will favor a thorough revision of the tax laws which will equally distribute the burdens of taxation, reduce the rate and not only retain the capital now invested, but invite the investment of other capital in the State. We favor the adoption by the people of the Constitutional Amendment enlarging the power of the General Assembly on the matter of taxation, and when such additional law is passed to make it effectual only when submitted to, and approved by a majority of the people who vote upon the same. We favor such regulation by law as will consolidate assessment and collection of taxes, so that the cost of collection may be materially reduced.

(12) We condemn the enactment by the Democratic party of a large number of obnoxious laws, the creation of expensive offices and commissions and the wasteful and extravagant expenditure of money, and we promise, if given power, to repeal all such laws, to abolish superfluous offices and reduce the cost of administration to the least possible point consistent with an economical and efficient system of government.

(13) Realizing the importance to the State of the prosperity of the farmers, we heartily approve of their legal efforts to secure better prices for the products of their farms, and pledge ourselves to assist them in all legal ways.

(14) For economic, as well as humane reasons, we recommend that the State of Kentucky undertake to supplement and later to continue the work of the United States Public Health Service for the prevention of blindness from trachoma, a communicable and painful disease of the eye, from which, the last census report shows that 33,000 persons are suffering in a single section of the State.

(15) We call attention to the vast resources of our State as yet undeveloped and invite capital and labor into the State to develop such resources.

(16) Expressly reserving the right of all Republicans to vote upon the question of woman's suffrage as they see fit we favor the adoption by the next General Assembly of a resolution submitting this question to the people for decision at the election of November, 1917.

(17) The Republican party in Kentucky is responsible and deserves the credit for the county unit law. In 1907 we declared definitely for the local option law with the county as the governing unit. In 1911 we again declared for the county unit law in accordance with the Constitution.

We now declare our continued adherence to the county unit law, and we do hereby endorse the present county unit law of Kentucky, and pledge ourselves to its strict and rigid enforcement, and we favor the adoption of such amendments thereto as may be necessary to make it effective beyond question.

Covering Up the Facts.

The administration is determined that more of the statistics will be issued from the department under its control that tell a story hostile to the fulfillment of the Democratic promises and pledges.

The recent publication of the Government inquiry into retail food prices that, although the Tariff has been lowered, and to a point where American manufacturers did not receive Protection yet food prices were higher than they were before the Tariff was dickered with by the Democrats.

The labor situation in the country shows that fewer men are employed, are working fewer hours and at less wages than before the Democratic party came into power, two years ago.

These are unpleasant facts for the country to know—especially as the Democratic promises of 1912 was that if that party were put in control of the nation, the Tariff law would be so revised as to keep labor employed and bring down the cost of living. The result is that the administration has decreed that no further investigations of that kind shall be carried on and the results

made known. It cloaks its purpose under the mere plausible explanation that hereafter such inquiries on the part of Government departments are to be conducted along different lines and by different methods.

The result of such change will be that the statistics gathered by Government investigators will be such as cannot be compared with the conditions of previous years. This will make it almost impossible to draw the deadly parallel between Republican times and Democratic times, and that is the object of the administration in making such changes.—Wilmington (Del.) Journal.

To The Public.

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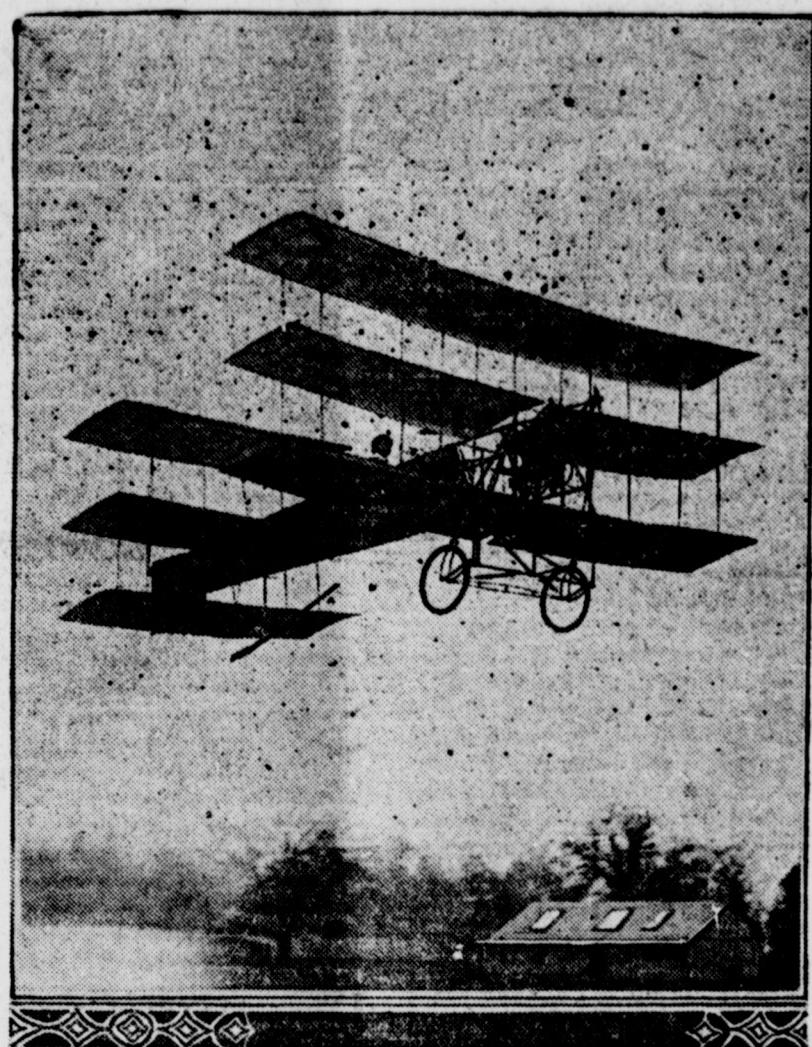
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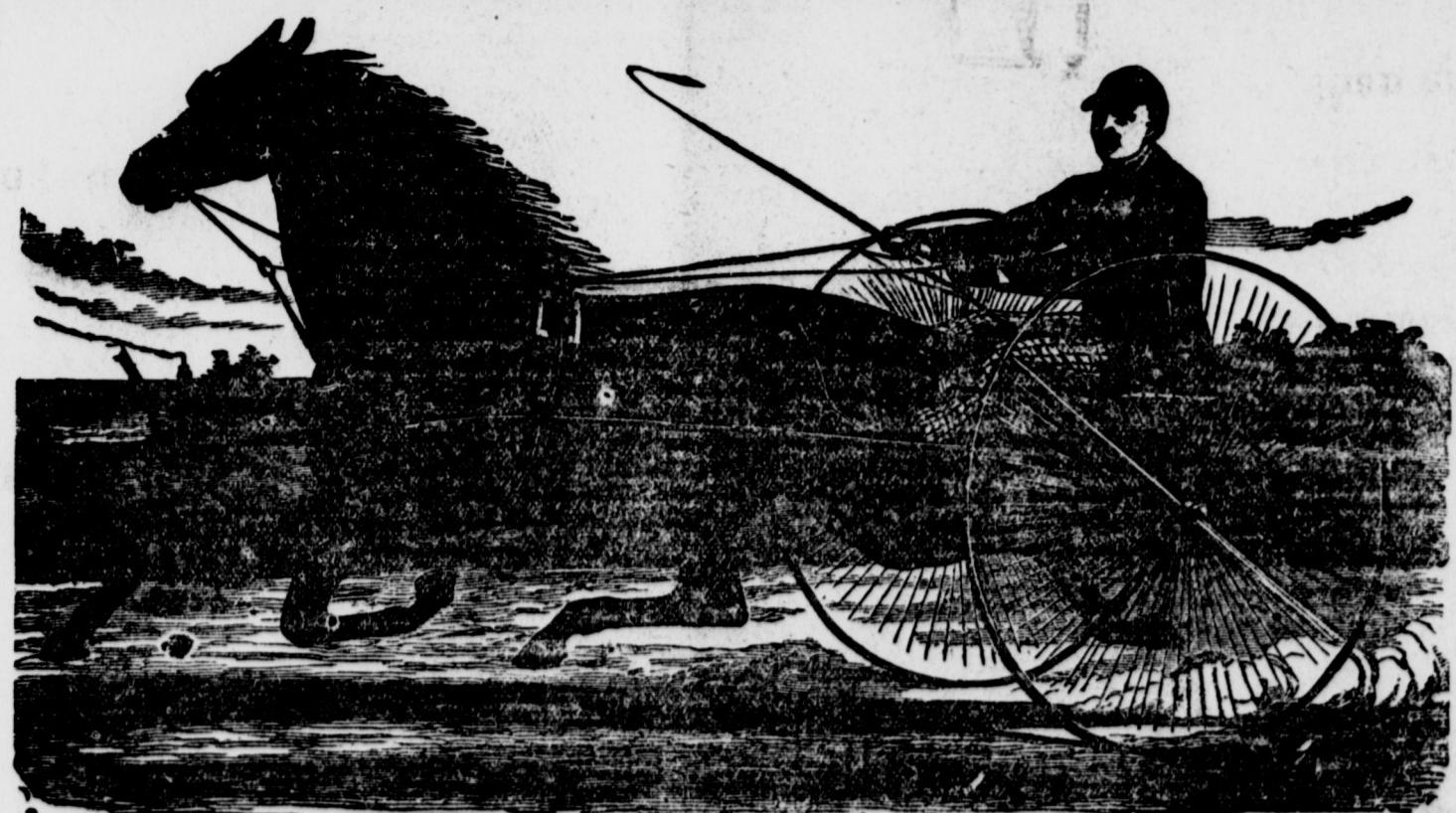


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